

# Table - 10: Course of study for (Pharmacology)

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Semester II						
Advanced Pharmacology II	4	4	4	100		
Pharmacological and Toxicological Screening Methods–II	4	4	4	100		
Principles of Drug Discovery	4	4	4	100		
Experimental Pharmacology practical- II	4	4	4	100		
Pharmacology Practical II	12	6	12	150		
Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100		
Total	35	26	35	650		

# Tables - 24: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Pharmacology-MPL)

SEMESTER II								
MPL201T	Advanced Pharmacology II	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPL102T	Pharmacologicaland ToxicologicalScreening Methods-II	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPL203T	Principles of Drug Discovery	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPL204T	Clinical researchand pharmacovigilanc e	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPL205P	Experimental Pharmacology ĪI	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total					650			

ADVANCED PHARMACOLOGY - II(MPL 201T)

Scope

The subject is designed to strengthen the basic knowledge in the field of pharmacology and to impart recent

advances in the drugs used for the treatment of various diseases. In addition, the subject helps the student to understand the concepts of drug action and mechanism involved

#### Objectives

THEORY

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to:

- Explain the mechanism of drug actions at cellular and molecular level
- Discuss the Pathophysiology and pharmacotherapy of certain diseases
- Understand the adverse effects, contraindications and clinical uses ofdrugs used in treatment of diseases

	60 Hrs

1.	Endocrine Pharmacology Molecular and cellular mechanism of action of hormones such as growth hormone, prolactin, thyroid, insulin and sex hormones Anti-thyroid drugs, Oral hypoglycemic agents, Oral contraceptives, Corticosteroids.	12 Hrs
2	Drugs affecting calcium regulation	12
2	Chemotherapy Cellular and molecular mechanism of actions and resistance of	12 Hrs
	antimicrobial agents	
	such as B-lactams, aminoglycosides, quinolones, Macrolide antibiotics. Antifungal, antiviral, and anti-TB drugs.	
3	Chemotherapy	12
	Drugs used in Protozoal Infections	Hrs
	Drugs used in the treatment of Helminthiasis	
	Chemotherapy of cancer Immunopharmacology	
	Cellular and biochemical mediators of inflammation and immune response. Allergic or	
	hypersensitivity reactions. Pharmacotherapy of asthma and COPD.	
	Immunosuppressants and Immunostimulants	

4	GIT Pharmacology	12
•	Antiulcer drugs, Prokinetics, antiemetics, anti-diarrheals and drugs for constipation and irritable bowel syndrome. Chronopharmacology	Hrs
	Biological and circadian rhythms, applications of chronotherapy in various diseases like cardiovascular disease, diabetes, asthma and peptic ulcer	
5	Free radicals Pharmacology Generation of free radicals, role of free radicals in etiopathology of various diseases such as diabetes, neurodegenerative diseases and cancer. Protective activity of certain important antioxidant	12 Hrs

Recent Advances in Treatment:

Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, Cancer, Diabetes mellitus

- 1. The Pharmacological basis of therapeutics- Goodman and Gill man's
- 2. Principles of Pharmacology. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug therapy by David E Golan et al.
- 3. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology by B.G -Katzung
- 4. Pharmacology by H.P. Rang and M.M. Dale.
- 5. Hand book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics by Gibaldi and Prescott.
- 6. Text book of Therapeutics, drug and disease management by E T. Herfindal and Gourley.
- 7. Applied biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Leon Shargel and Andrew B.C.Yu.
- 8. Handbook of Essential Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Drug Metabolism for Industrial Scientists
- 9. Robbins & Cortan Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9th Ed. (Robbins Pathology)
- 10.A Complete Textbook of Medical Pharmacology by Dr. S.K Srivastava published by APC Avichal Publishing Company.
- 11.KD.Tripathi. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology
- 12.Principles of Pharmacology. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug Therapy by David E Golan, Armen H, Tashjian Jr, Ehrin J,Armstrong, April W, Armstrong, Wolters, Kluwer-Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Publishers

# PHARMACOLOGICAL AND TOXICOLOGICAL SCREENING METHODS-II (MPL 202T)

#### Scope:

This subject imparts knowledge on the preclinical safety and toxicological evaluation of drug & new chemical entity. This knowledge will make the student competent in regulatory toxicological evaluation.

#### Objectives:

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to,

- Explain the various types of toxicity studies.
- Appreciate the importance of ethical and regulatory requirements for toxicity studies.
- Demonstrate the practical skills required to conduct the preclinical toxicity studies.

#### THEOR Y

60 Hrs

- 1. Basic definition and types of toxicology (general, mechanistic, regulatory and descriptive)
   12

   Regulatory quidelines for conducting toxicity studies OECD, ICH,
   Hrs
  - EPA and Schedule Y OECD principles of Good laboratory practice (GLP)

History, concept and its importance in drug development

- Acute, sub-acute and chronic- oral, dermal and inhalational 12 studies as per OECD guidelines.
   Acute eye irritation, skin sensitization, dermal irritation & dermal toxicity studies.
   Test item characterization- importance and methods in regulatory toxicology studies
- 3 Reproductive toxicology studies, Male reproductive toxicity 12 studies, female reproductive studies (segment I and segment III), Hrs teratogenecity studies (segment II) Genotoxicity studies (Ames Test, in vitro and in vivo Micronucleus and Chromosomal aberrations studies) In vivo carcinogenicity studies
- 4 IND enabling studies (IND studies)- Definition of IND, importance 12 of IND, industry perspective, list of studies needed for IND Hrs submission.

Safety pharmacology studies- origin, concepts and importance of safety pharmacology.

Tier1- CVS, CNS and respiratory safety pharmacology, HERG assay. Tier2- GI, renal and other studies

5 Toxicokinetics- Toxicokinetic evaluation in preclinical studies, 12 saturation kinetics Importance and applications of toxicokinetic Hrs studies.

Alternative methods to animal toxicity testing.

- 1. Hand book on GLP, Quality practices for regulated non-clinical research and development (http://www.who.int/tdr/publications/documents/glphandbook.pdf).
- Schedule Y Guideline: drugs and cosmetics (second amendment) rules, 2005, ministry of health and family welfare (department of health) New Delhi
- 3. Drugs from discovery to approval by Rick NG.
- 4. Animal Models in Toxicology, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Lower and Bryan
- 5. OECD test guidelines.
- 6. Principles of toxicology by Karen E. Stine, Thomas M. Brown.
- Guidance for Industry M3(R2) Nonclinical Safety Studies for the Conduct of Human Clinical Trials and Marketing Authorization for Pharmaceuticals (http://www.fda.gov/downloads/drugs/guidancecomplianceregulatoryinform ation/guidances/ucm073246.pdf)

# PRINCIPLES OF DRUG DISCOVERY (MPL 203T)

#### Scope:

The subject imparts basic knowledge of drug discovery process. This information will make the student competent in drug discovery process

#### Objectives:

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to,

- Explain the various stages of drug discovery.
- Appreciate the importance of the role of genomics, proteomics and bioinformatics in drug discovery
- Explain various targets for drug discovery.
- Explain various lead seeking method and lead optimization
- Appreciate the importance of the role of computer aided drug design in drug discovery

#### THEORY

60 Hrs

1. An overview of modern drug discovery process: Target 12 identification, target validation, lead identification and lead Hrs Optimization. Economics of drug discovery.

Target Discovery and validation-Role of Genomics, Proteomics and Bioinformatics. Role of Nucleic acid microarrays, Protein microarrays, Antisense technologies, siRNAs, antisense oligonucleotides, Zinc finger proteins. Role of transgenic animals in target validation.

2 Lead Identification - combinatorial chemistry & high throughput 12 screening, in silico lead discovery techniques, Assay development Hrs for hit identification.

Protein structure

Levels of protein structure, Domains, motifs, and folds in protein structure. Computational prediction of protein structure: Threading and homology modeling methods. Application of NMR and X-ray crystallography in protein structure prediction

3 Rational Drug Design

12

Traditional vs rational drug design, Methods followed in traditional Hrs drug design, High throughput screening, Concepts of Rational Drug Design, Rational Drug Design Methods: Structure and Pharmacophore based approaches Virtual Screening techniques: Drug likeness screening, Concept of pharmacophore mapping and pharmacophore based Screening,

- Molecular docking: Rigid docking, flexible docking, manual 12 docking; Docking based screening. De novo drug design.
   Hrs Quantitative analysis of Structure Activity Relationship
   History and development of QSAR, SAR versus QSAR, Physicochemical parameters, Hansch analysis, Fee Wilson analysis and relationship between them.
- QSAR Statistical methods regression analysis, partial least 12 square analysis (PLS) and other multivariate statistical methods. Hrs 3D-QSAR approaches like COMFA and COMSIA Prodrug design-Basic concept, Prodrugs to improve patient acceptability, Drug solubility, Drug absorption and distribution, site specific drug delivery and sustained drug action. Rationale of prodrug design and practical consideration of prodrug design

- 1. MouldySioud. Target Discovery and Validation Reviews and Protocols: Volume 2 Emerging Molecular Targetsand Treatment Options. 2007 Humana Press Inc.
- 2. Darryl León. Scott Markelln. Silico Technologies in Drug Target Identification and Validation. 2006 by Taylor and Francis Group, LLC.
- 3. Johanna K. DiStefano. Disease Gene Identification. Methods and Protocols. Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London.
- 4. Hugo Kubiny. QSAR: Hansch Analysis and Related Approaches. Methods and Principles in Medicinal Chemistry. Publisher Wiley-VCH
- 5. Klaus Gubernator, Hans-Joachim Böhm. Structure-Based Ligand Design. Methods and Principles in Medicinal Chemistry. Publisher Wiley-VCH
- Abby L. Parrill. M. Rami Reddy. Rational Drug Design. Novel Methodology and Practical Applications. ACS Symposium Series; American Chemical Society: Washington, DC, 1999.
- 7. J. Rick Turner. New drug development design, methodology and, analysis. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New Jersey.

# CLINICAL RESEARCH AND PHARMACOVIGILANCE (MPL 204T)

#### Scope:

This subject will provide a value addition and current requirement for the students in clinical research and pharmacovigilance. It will teach the students on conceptualizing, designing, conducting, managing and reporting of clinical trials. This subject also focuses on global scenario of Pharmacovigilance in different methods that can be used to generate safety data. It will teach the students in developing drug safety data in Pre-clinical, Clinical phases of Drug development and post market surveillance.

#### Objectives:

Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to,

- Explain the regulatory requirements for conducting clinical trial
- Demonstrate the types of clinical trial designs
- Explain the responsibilities of key players involved in clinical trials
- Execute safety monitoring, reporting and close-out activities
- Explain the principles of Pharmacovigilance
- Detect new adverse drug reactions and their assessment
- Perform the adverse drug reaction reporting systems and communication in Pharmacovigilance

#### THEORY

60 Hrs

1. **Regulatory Perspectives of Clinical Trials:** 12 Origin and Principles of International Conference Hrs on Harmonization - Good Clinical Practice (ICH-GCP) guidelines Committee: Institutional Review Board. Ethical Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research and Human Participant-Schedule Y, ICMR Informed Consent Process: Structure and content of an Informed Consent Process Ethical principles governing informed consent process 2 Clinical Trials: Types and Design 12 Experimental Study- RCT and Non RCT, Hrs Observation Study: Cohort, Case Control, Cross sectional Clinical Trial Study Team Roles and responsibilities of Clinical Trial Personnel: Investigator, Study Coordinator, Sponsor, Contract Research Organization and

its management

- 3 Clinical Trial Documentation- Guidelines to the preparation of 12 documents, Preparation of protocol, Investigator Brochure, Case Hrs Report Forms, Clinical Study Report Clinical Trial Monitoring-Safety Monitoring in CT Adverse Drug Reactions: Definition and types. Detection and methods. Severity reporting and seriousness assessment.Predictability and preventability assessment, Management of adverse drug reactions; Terminologies of ADR. 4 Basic aspects, terminologies and establishment of 12 pharmacovigilance Hrs History and progress of pharmacovigilance. Significance of safety monitoring, Pharmacovigilance in India and international aspects, WHO international drug monitoring programme, WHO and Regulatory terminologies of ADR, evaluation of medication safety, Establishing pharmacovigilance centres in Hospitals, Industry and National programmes related to pharmacovigilance. Roles and responsibilities in Pharmacovigilance
- 5 Methods. ADR reporting and tools used in 12 Pharmacovigilance Hrs International classification of diseases, International Nonproprietary names for drugs, Passive and Active surveillance, Comparative observational studies, Targeted clinical investigations and Vaccine safety surveillance. Spontaneous reporting system and Reporting to regulatory authorities, Guidelines for ADRs reporting, Argus, Aris G Pharmacovigilance, VigiFlow, Statistical methods for evaluating medication safety data.
- 6 Pharmacoepidemiology, pharmacoeconomics, safety pharmacology Hrs

- 1. Central Drugs Standard Control Organization- Good Clinical Practices, Guidelines for Clinical Trials on Pharmaceutical Products in India. New Delhi: Ministry of Health;2001.
- 2. International Conference on Harmonization of Technical requirements for registration of Pharmaceuticals for human use. ICH Harmonized Tripartite Guideline. Guideline for Good Clinical Practice.E6; May 1996.

- 3. Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research on Human Subjects 2000. Indian Council of Medical Research, New Delhi.
- 4. Textbook of Clinical Trials edited by David Machin, Simon Day and Sylvan Green, March 2005, John Wiley and Sons.
- 5. Clinical Data Management edited by R K Rondels, S A Varley, C F Webbs. Second Edition, Jan 2000, Wiley Publications.
- 6. Handbook of clinical Research. Julia Lloyd and Ann Raven Ed. Churchill Livingstone.
- 7. Principles of Clinical Research edited by Giovanna di Ignazio, Di Giovanna and Haynes.

### PHARMACOLOGICAL PRACTICAL - II(MPL 205P)

- 1. To record the DRC of agonist using suitable isolated tissues preparation.
- 2. To study the effects of antagonist/potentiating agents on DRC of agonistusing suitable isolated tissue preparation.
- 3. To determine to the strength of unknown sample by matching bioassay by using suitable tissue preparation.
- 4. To determine to the strength of unknown sample by interpolation bioassayby using suitable tissue preparation
- 5. To determine to the strength of unknown sample by bracketing bioassayby using suitable tissue preparation
- 6. To determine to the strength of unknown sample by multiple pointbioassay by using suitable tissue preparation.
- 7. Estimation of PA<sub>2</sub> values of various antagonists using suitable isolated tissue preparations.
- 8. To study the effects of various drugs on isolated heart preparations
- 9. Recording of rat BP, heart rate and ECG.
- 10. Recording of rat ECG
- 11. Drug absorption studies by averted rat ileum preparation.
- 12. Acute oral toxicity studies as per OECD guidelines.
- 13. Acute dermal toxicity studies as per OECD guidelines.
- 14. Repeated dose toxicity studies- Serum biochemical, haematological, urineanalysis, functional observation tests and histological studies.
- 15. Drug mutagenicity study using mice bone-marrow chromosomal aberrationtest.
- 16. Protocol design for clinical trial.(3 Nos.)
- 17. Design of ADR monitoring protocol.
- 18. In-silico docking studies. (2 Nos.)
- 19. In-silico pharmacophore based screening.
- 20. In-silico QSAR studies.
- 21. ADR reporting

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Fundamentals of experimental Pharmacology-by M.N.Ghosh
- 2. Hand book of Experimental Pharmacology-S.K.Kulakarni
- 3. Text book of in-vitro practical Pharmacology by Ian Kitchen
- 4. Bioassay Techniques for Drug Development by Atta-ur-Rahman, Iqbalchoudhary and William Thomsen
- 5. Applied biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics by Leon Shargel and Andrew B.C.Yu.

Handbook of Essential Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and DrugMetabolism for Industrial Scientists.